

# NAVY EXPERIMENTAL DIVING UNIT



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DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY  
NAVY EXPERIMENTAL DIVING UNIT  
321 BULLFINCH ROAD  
PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA 32407-7015  
NAVSEA TASK 95-18

IN REPLY REFER TO:

NAVY EXPERIMENTAL DIVING UNIT

REPORT NO. 15-95

EVALUATION OF RIX 4VX AIR/NITROX COMPRESSOR

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December 1995

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19. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number)  In response to reference (1), Navy Experimental Diving Unit (NEDU) tested the Rix 4VX Air/Nitrox Compressor from 25 Oct 95 to 27 Nov 95. The purpose of this test was to determine if the equipment was suitable for the ANU List. The RIX 4VX Air/Nitrox Compressor delivers acceptable breathing air at a capacity which meets the manufacturer's specification. It is recommended for inclusion on the ANU List.					
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## I. INTRODUCTION

In response to NAVSEA tasking<sup>1</sup>, Navy Experimental Diving Unit (NEDU) evaluated a RIX 4VX AIR/NITROX COMPRESSOR, MODEL 4VX4B-23.3B.<sup>2</sup> The test took place at NEDU from 25 October through 27 November 1995. The purpose was to:

- A. Determine if the compressor system provides compressed air at the required pressures, flow rates, quality and cleanliness required by the U.S. Navy<sup>3</sup>.
- B. Determine the adequacy of the manufacturer's information, instructions and guidance for the safe operation and overall management of the compressor.
- C. Ensure that the compressor system discharged clean breathing air required by the U.S. Navy<sup>3</sup>.

## II. EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The RIX 4VX AIR/NITROX COMPRESSOR, MODEL 4VX4B-23.3B is built in a four stage, four cylinder, "vee" configuration. The reciprocating, single acting, crosshead design features oil free operation through the use of self-lubricating piston rings constructed of TFE materials operating inside stainless steel cylinder bores. It is powered by a 25 HP, 3 Phase, electric motor (rated at either 208/380V, 50Hz, 3000 RPM or 230/460V, 60 Hz 3600 RPM) through a V-belt drive. All four stages feature oil-free compression which allows compression of nitrogen-oxygen mixtures of up to 40 percent oxygen to 5000 psig and compression of air to 5000 psig. Oil free compression eliminates the need for an elaborate purification system. The crank case components are oil pressure fed and the crank case is isolated from the cylinders by an enclosed vented void area.

The RIX compressor unit consists of a compressor block and a drive motor, both mounted on a slide base to provide a means of adjusting the drive belts (Figure 1 and 2). The drive unit for this test was a 460 Volt motor operating at 3600 RPM. Rotational torque is transferred to the compressor by a single banded-belt. Electric motors purchased for use with this compressor must comply with Navy standards for sealed insulated systems<sup>4</sup>.

Moisture separators (water traps) remove water after each stage (see Figure 3.) A cam timer actuates solenoid valves, which automatically drain the separators every fifteen minutes. The cam timer is manually adjustable and is located beneath the heat exchangers in the junction box mounted to the bedplate.

The compressor is air cooled by a 3/4 HP, hazardous duty design, electrically driven fan. Four finned tube heat exchangers cool the gas after compression in each successive stage. The cooling air is pulled through the heat exchangers by the fan, then split into separate streams and directed over the cooling fins of each cylinder head and compression cylinder.

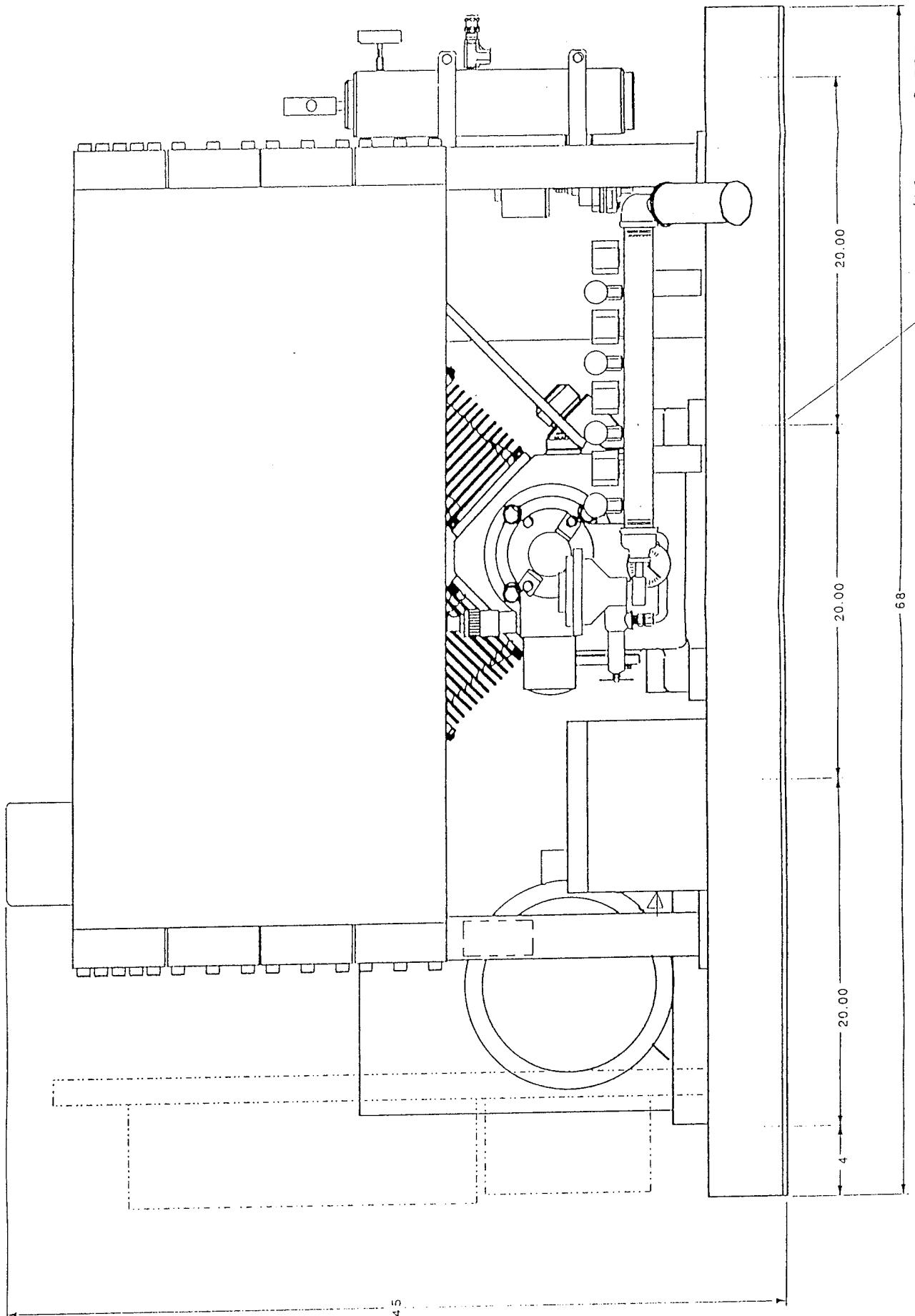


Figure 1. RIX 4VX Air/Nitrox Compressor (Front View)

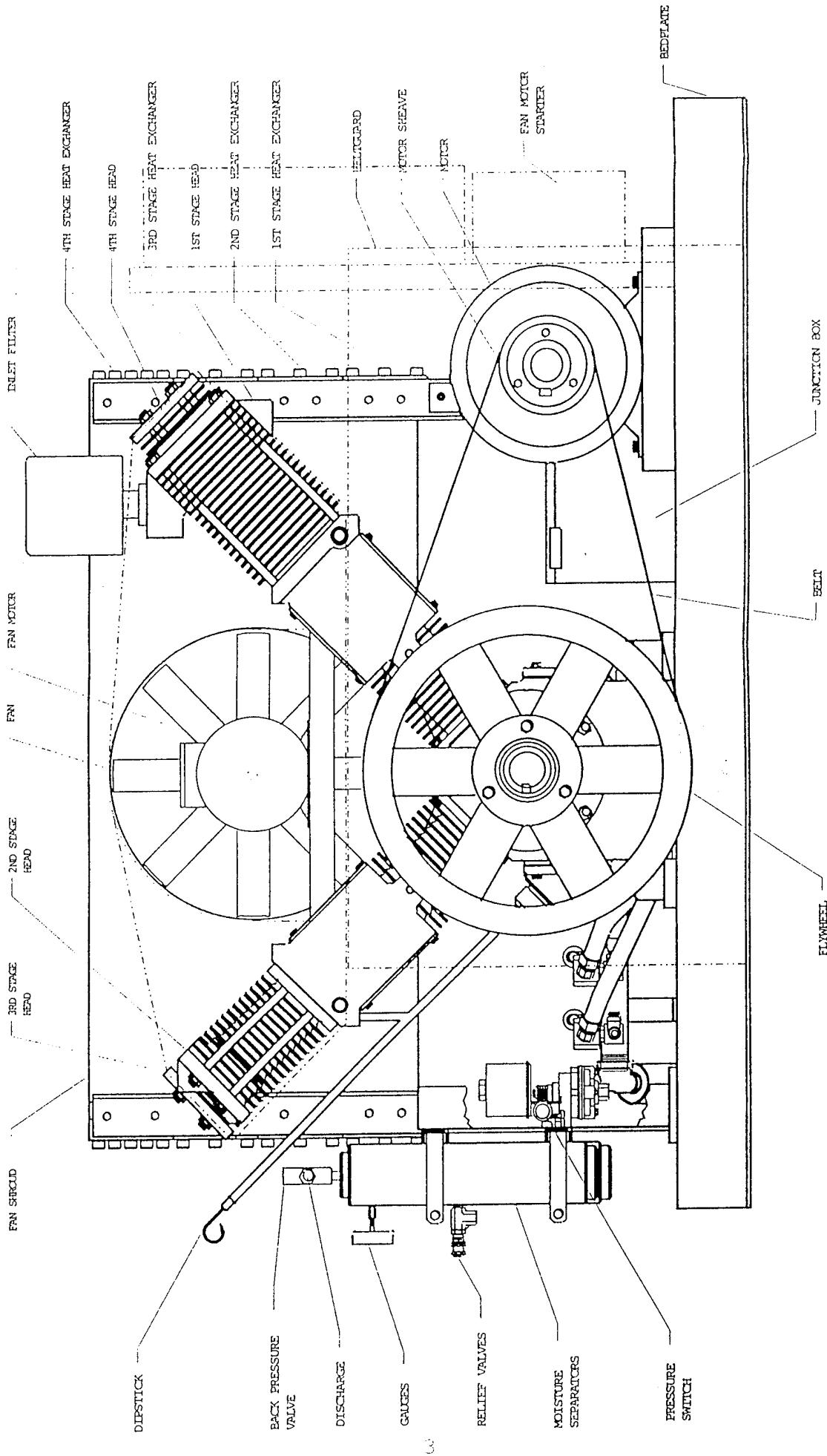


Figure 2. RIX 4VX Air/Nitrox Compressor (Rear View)

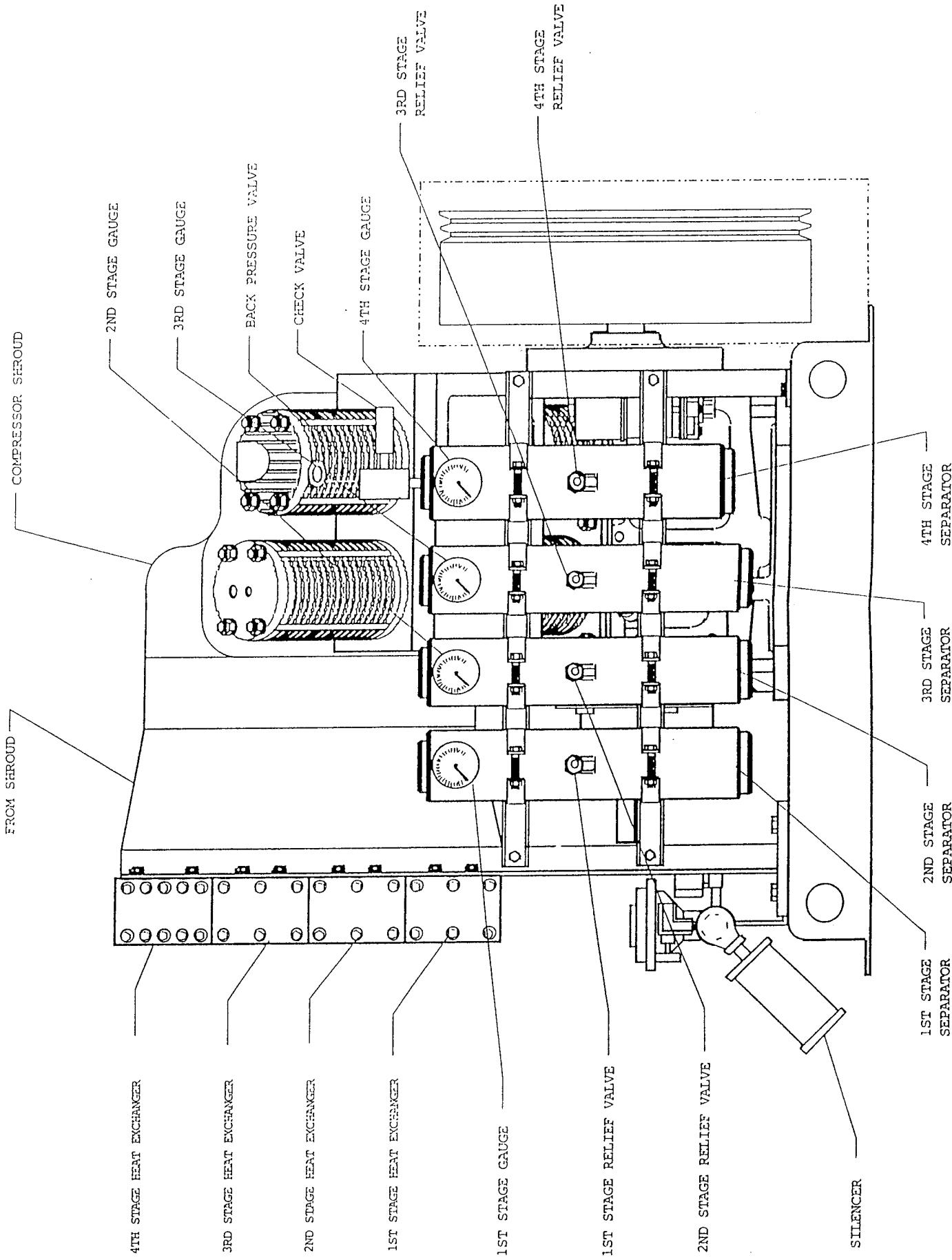


Figure 3. RIX 4VX Air/Nitrox Compressor (Side View)

Built-in safety features automatically shut down the compressor if excessive temperatures or pressures are reached in the 4th stage discharge line. A pressure switch is connected to the 4th stage discharge downstream from the check valve. A temperature switch bulb is strapped to the 4th stage discharge line upstream of the 4th stage heat exchanger. A low oil pressure switch will shut down the compressor if the pressure drops below the set pressure. Oil, interstage, and discharge pressures are indicated by gauges.

### III. TEST PROCEDURE

There are various methods of testing compressor capacities, stability, and reliability. For this compressor evaluation<sup>2</sup>, NEDU chose to run two separate tests of 50 hours each: one using nitrogen to evaluate the unit as a nitrox compressor, and one using air to evaluate the unit as an air compressor.

#### A. NITROGEN TEST

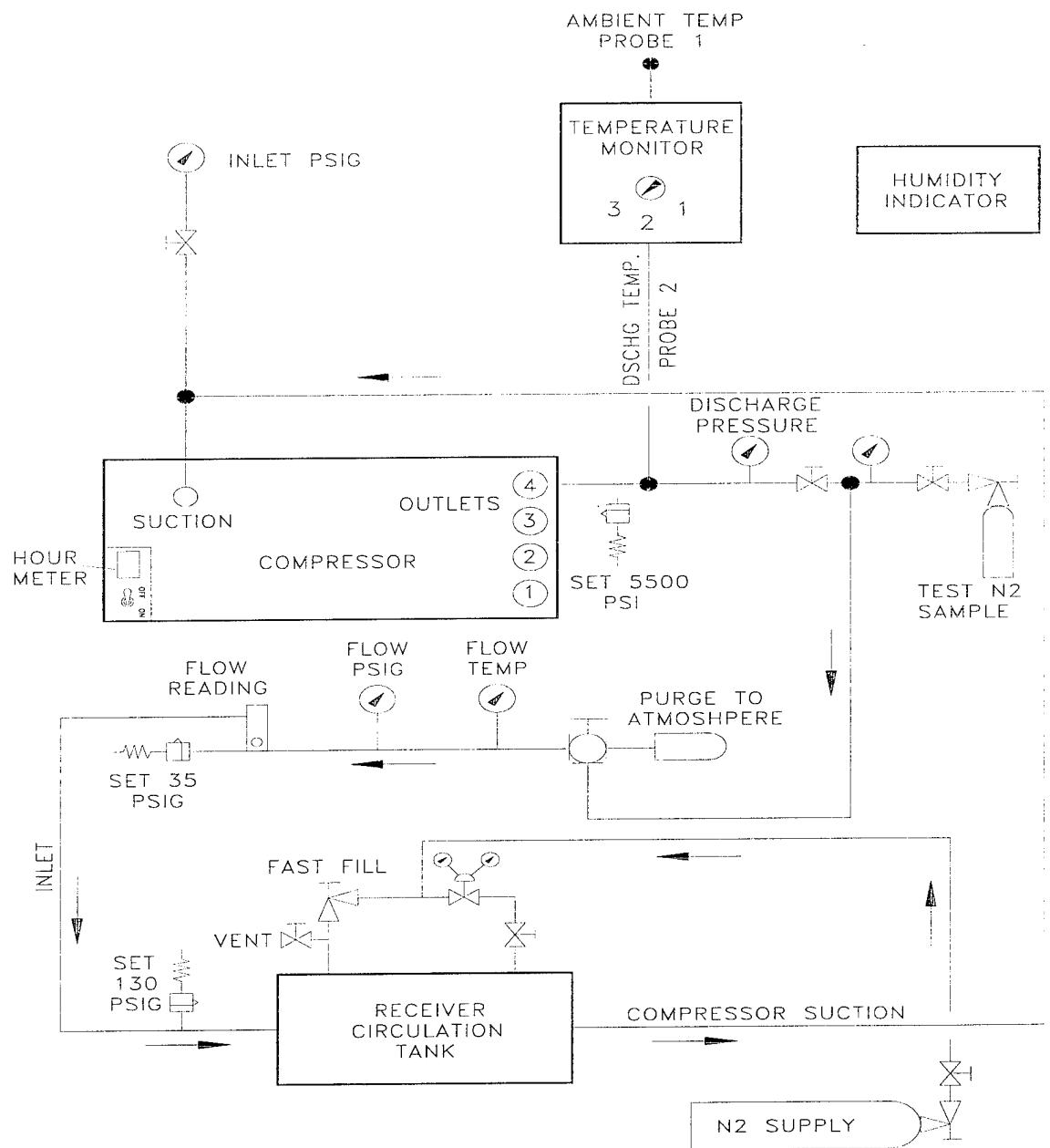
The compressor and all ancillary equipment were received and set up as per manufacturer's instructions. Test setup is shown in Figure 4. A Cole Palmer Model 8502-14 temperature monitor and Yellow Springs Instruments 700 Series thermistor probes were attached for measuring compressor discharge and ambient temperatures.

At the beginning of each test day, the compressor and volume tank were purged using nitrogen. Once the system was fully charged, the nitrogen source was secured. The nitrogen was then circulated in a closed loop configuration (round-robin) for the duration of the test day. Gas samples were tested after 1, 25, and 50 hours of testing. Results are presented in Appendix B.

Appendix A shows the recorded data from the Test Log. The unit was operated in an exterior work area, open to ambient temperature and humidity. The testing included subjective evaluation of the system operation but did not include detailed mechanical review of the individual components of the system.

Example computations (standard cubic feet per minute (SCFM)) for the nitrogen test are shown below. A flow reading of 20 cfm at 13 psig and 32°F were calculated as follows:

$$\text{SCFM} = (\text{Flow Reading}) \times \sqrt{\frac{\text{Flow psig} + 14.7}{14.7}} \times \sqrt{\frac{460 + 70}{460 + \text{Flow Temp } ^\circ\text{F}}} \times \sqrt{\frac{28.975}{28}}$$
$$20 \times \sqrt{\frac{13 + 14.7}{14.7}} \times \sqrt{\frac{460 + 70}{460 + 32}} \times \sqrt{\frac{28.975}{28}} = 28.9 \text{ scfm}$$



#### LEGEND



FIGURE 4. NEDU TEST NO. 95-14, NITROX CONFIGURATION

## B. AIR TEST

The compressor and all ancillary equipment were set up as per manufacturer's instructions. Test setup is shown in Figure 5. A Cole Palmer Model 8502-14 temperature monitor and Yellow Springs Instruments 700 Series thermistor probes were attached for measuring compressor discharge, ambient temperatures, and storage cylinder air temperature.

The compressor was operated for extended periods charging an 89.2 liter (3.15 cuft) cylinder from 0 bars to 345 bars (0 to 5,000 psig). Total test time was 50 hours. Air samples were tested after 1, 25, and 50 hours of testing. Results presented in Appendix B.

Appendix A shows the recorded data from the Test Log. The unit was operated in an exterior work area, open to ambient temperature and humidity. The testing included subjective evaluation of the system operation but did not include detailed mechanical review of the individual components of the system.

Example computations for the air test are shown below.

A 3.15 cubic foot cylinder charged to 4725 psig in 29 minutes. The temperature at the beginning of the charge was 63.1 degrees F and was 120 degrees F when the 4725 psig was recorded.

The temperature correction factor was calculated as follows:

$$\text{Temp. Corr. Factor} = \frac{T_1 + 460}{T_2 + 460} = \frac{63.1 + 460}{120 + 460} = \frac{523.1}{580.0} = .902$$

$T_1$  = Start Temperature °F

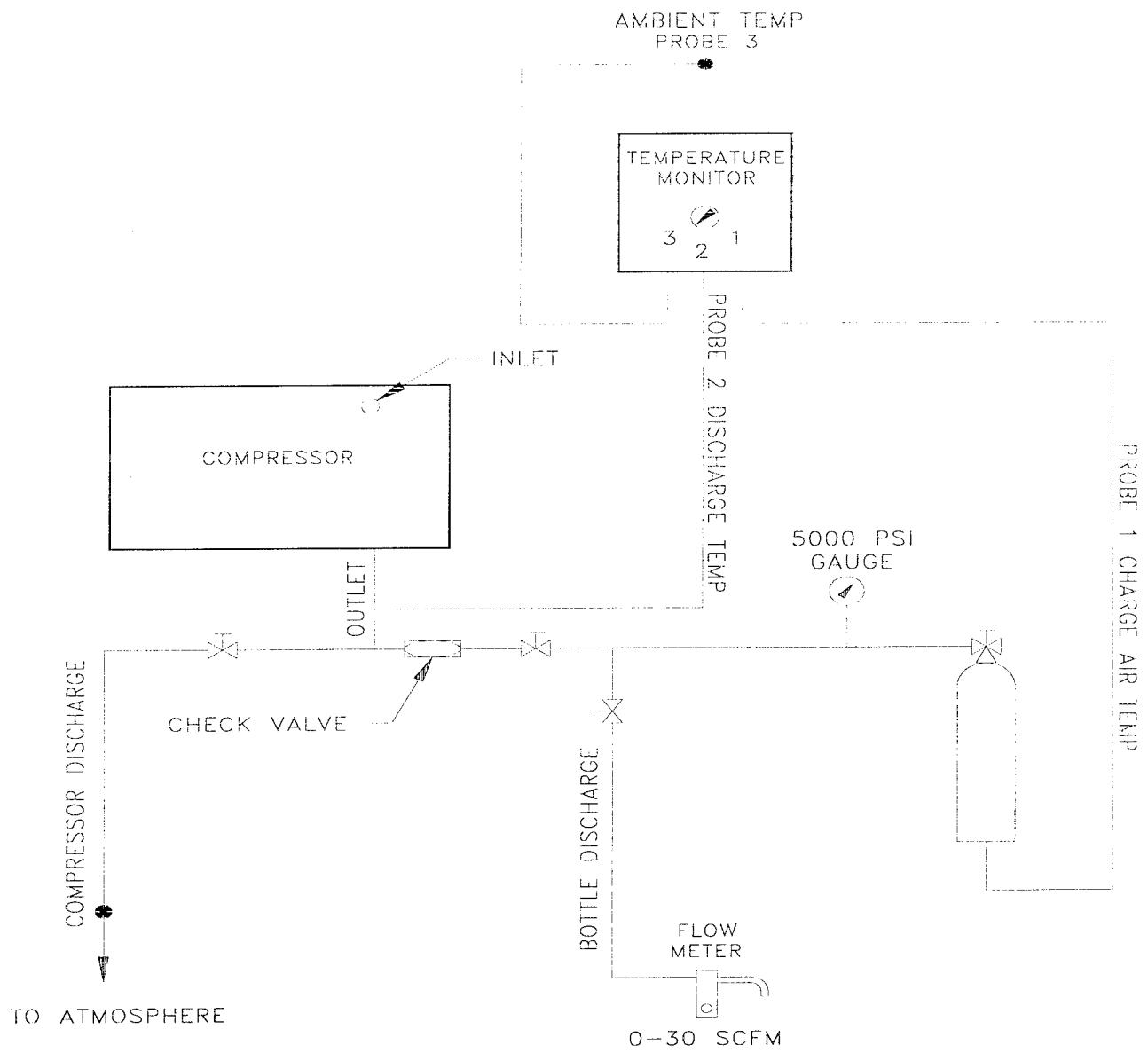
$T_2$  = End Temperature °F

The total volume (ATA X floodable volume) was calculated as follows:

$$\text{Total Volume} = \frac{\text{psig} + 14.7}{14.7} \times 3.15 \text{ ft.}^3 = \frac{4725 + 14.7}{14.7} \times 3.15 \text{ ft.}^3 = 1015.65 \text{ ft.}^3$$

Standard cubic feet per minute was calculated as follows:

$$\text{SCFM} = \frac{\text{Total Volume} \times \text{Temperature Correction Factor}}{\text{Fill Time}} = \frac{1015.65 \times .902}{29 \text{ min.}} = 31.6 \text{ scfm}$$



#### LEGEND

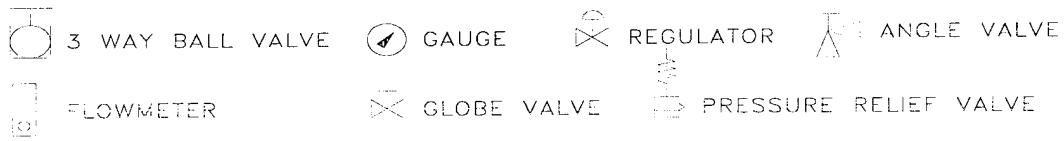


FIGURE 5. NEDU TEST NO. 95-14, AIR CONFIGURATION

## IV. OBSERVATIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

### A. DELIVERY

Compressor capacity when using nitrogen was determined to be 818 liters per minute (28.9 SCFM) by calculating the average of the hourly flow rates recorded in Appendix A.

Compressor capacity when using air was determined to be 848 liters per minute (30.0 SCFM) by calculating the average of the charging times recorded in Appendix A.

### B. SAMPLING

Gas samples were taken from the compressor purification system discharge at the 1st, 25th, and 50th hour of running time. The samples were sent to the Coastal System Station (CSS) Laboratory, Code 5130, for purity analysis. Analysis of air samples (listed in Appendix B) show that the compressor meets U. S. Navy requirements.

### C. OIL LUBRICATION

Because oil lubrication is only needed for the crankcase components, no oil consumption was expected. The crankcase oil level was checked at the beginning and end of each day's testing. The compressor did not consume or leak any oil during either test. The oil used during the testing was SAE 30 weight motor oil.

### D. MAINTENANCE

No scheduled maintenance was required during this test. The following unscheduled maintenance was performed:

- |                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| 26 October 1022 | Hour meter repaired.   |
| 27 October 0920 | Wire on electric power transformer repaired.                           |
| 30 October 0920 | Wire on electric power transformer repaired.<br>Relief valve replaced. |

Some minor malfunctions were encountered during the evaluation. These malfunctions were the failure of the hour meter, fourth stage relief valve and the controller transformer. The manufacturer has been informed and has made component changes to eliminate the causes in future compressors.

## V. CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

- A. The RIX Model 4VX air/nitrox compressor delivers air which exceeds the U.S. Navy standards<sup>3</sup> for purity. The compressor output averaged 818 liters per minute (28.9 SCFM) of nitrox, or 849 liters per minute (30.0 SCFM) of air, per Appendix A. This exceeds the manufacturer's specification of 27 SCFM.
- B. The unit is sturdy, reliable, and readily maintained.
- C. Based on the results of testing, the RIX Model 4VX air/nitrox compressor system is recommended for inclusion on the Authorized for Navy Use List<sup>5</sup>.
- D. The vendor and NAVSEA should be contacted prior to purchase to ensure the unit meets the user's needs.

## VI. REFERENCES

1. NAVSEA Task 95-18; Evaluation of RIX 40X Air/Nitrox Compressor. Naval Sea Systems Command, 1995
2. RIX Model 4VX Air/Nitrox Compressor Evaluation Test Plan 93.33 (Unmanned), Navy Experimental Diving Unit, June 1995, Limited Distribution
3. NAVSEA 0994-LP-001-9010 U.S. Navy Diving Manual, Vol 1, Rev. 3, Para 5.3.2. Air purity standards, and 6.7.2.1. Air Compressors
4. Department of Defense MIL-M-17060 E Amendment 1, Sealed Insulated Systems, (Service A Use). Navy specification for compressor power source
5. Naval Sea Systems Command NAVSEAINST 10560.2C Diving Equipment Authorized for U. S. Navy Use

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

## NITROGEN TEST

DATE: 25 October 25

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

## NITROGEN TEST

DATE: 26 October 1995

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.  
2. Hour meter was repaired at 1022. Meter was reading .4 upon installation.

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR  
BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

## NITROGEN TEST

DATE: 27 October 1995

- NOTES:**

  1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.
  2. Compressor shut down by operator at 0920. Could not stabilize discharge pressure to 5000 psi. Compressor began to clatter and pulsate struggling to keep running. Hard copper wire on electric power transformer to break, disconnecting control's power source to programmable controller and causing complete shutdown of power.
  3. Fourth stage relief valve began to fail, opening at 4800 psi. Made adjustment to continue test.

Operating vibration caused began troubleshooting. Began troubleshooting.

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

## NITROGEN TEST

DATE: 30 October 1995

TIME	METER HOURS	TEMP°F			CHARGED CYLINDER SIZE			CYLINDER CHARGING INFORMATION			INLET PSIG			COMPRESSOR CYLINDER STAGES PSI			FLOW RDG			FLOW PSIG			SCFM (Calc)			OIL PRESS PSI			
		AMBI PROBE #1	COMP DSCHG MAX: 70 MIN: 425	FLOW MAX: #2 MAX: 70 MIN: -10	AMBI HUMID %	CU FT	RATED START TIME	END TIME	END PSI	MAX: 2.5 MIN: 0	CYL FILL TIME	1ST 45-55	2ND 225-275	3RD 900-1100	4 TH 5000														
0710	Start																												
0710	10.8	61.3	NA	NA	74					2.5		44	230	950	4900	19.5										14	NA	42	
0810	11.8	62.2	81.4	NA	72					2.5		45	240	1000	4900	19.5										14	NA	39	
0910	12.8	68.5	85.3	NA	70					2.5		45	240	1000	4900	19.5										14	29.75	36	
1010	13.8	69.5	88.5	22	69					2.5		45	245	1000	5000	20										14	29.81	37	
1110	14.8	74.5	92.1	24	66					2.5		45	245	1000	5000	20										14	29.75	37	
1115	Sample																												
1210	15.8	78.1	95.5	28	64					2.3		45	245	1000	5000	20										14	29.63	36	
1220	Stop																												
1320	Start																												
1320	15.9	77.8	80.1	24	66					2.5		44	240	1000	5000	20										14	29.75	37	
1420	16.9	76.3	82	28	68					2.5		45	245	1000	5000	20										14	29.63	36	
1520	17.9	73.2	92.6	26	74					2.5		45	245	1000	5000	20										14	29.69	36	

NOTES: 1 Oil full at start and shutdown

Replaced relief valve while down to repair transformer (11220). Unit at startup and shutdown.

1. At 1218 compressor began to cut off and on rapidly as it did on 17 Oct. At 1220 compressor shut itself off. Problem was again a broken transformer wire due to constant vibration in power panel assembly, causing loss of power. Broken wire was on the same board as the previously broken wire. See recommendations section for operator's suggestion.

4VX BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
RIX COMPRESSOR  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

## NITROGEN TEST

DATE: 1 November 1995

TIME	METER HOURS	TEMP°F		CHARGED CYLINDER SIZE		CYLINDER CHARGING INFORMATION		INLET PSIG	MAX: 2.5 MIN: 0	COMPRESSOR CYLINDER STAGES PSI		FLOW RDG	FLOW PSIG	SCFM (Calc)	OIL PRESS PSI	
		AMBI PROBE #1	COMP DSCHG #2 MAX: 4.25	FLOW MAX: 70 MIN: -10	AMBI HUMID % MAX: 42.5	RATED CU FT PSI	START TIME	END TIME	END PSI	45-55	1ST 2.25-2.75	2ND 900-1100	3RD 900-1100	4TH 5000		
0703	25.9	72.5	82.1	26	99				2.5		44	230	950	4800	20	14
0803	26.9	76.7	94.8	30	91				2.3		45	240	1000	5000	20	14
0903	27.9	80.6	98.7	34	86				2.2		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1003	28.9	85.8	103.6	40	79				2.2		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1103	29.9	88.3	105.6	41	80				2.1		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1120	30.1	105.6	40	80					2.1		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1120	Stop															29.27
1256	Start															36
1256	30.1			40	80				2.3		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1356	31.1	86.4	105.2	42	80				2.3		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1456	32.1	83.3	100.2	38	91				2.2		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1556	33.1	81.8	99.7	36	93				2.2		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1656	34.1	83.0	100.7	36	93				2.2		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
1725	35.5	82.7	100.1	36	94				2.2		45	245	1000	5000	20	14
																29.39
																36

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR,  
BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

## NITROGEN TEST

DATE: 31 October 1995

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

## NITROGEN TEST

DATE: 2 November 1995

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.

4VX BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
RIX COMPRESSOR  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

AIR TEST

DATE: 8 November 1995

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown (oil pressure 44 psi on start up).

4VX BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
RIX COMPRESSOR  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

AIR TEST

DATE: 9 November 1995

**NOTES:**

1. Oil full at startup and shutdown (start oil pressure @ 50 psil).
2. End temperature was taken on all readings 15 minutes after stop charging.

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR  
BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

AIR TEST

DATE: 13 November 1995

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown {start up oil pressure @ 48 psi}.

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR  
4VX BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

AIR TEST

DATE: 21 November 1995

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.  
2. At 0928 OL light came on and compressor shut down. Pressed reset and restarted.

4VX BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
RIX COMPRESSOR  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

AIR TEST

DATE: 22 November 1995

- NOTES:**

  1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.
  2. During charge compressor shut down when OL light came on; stopped charge and took first reading. Pressed reset and restarted compressor. Compressor ran approximately 6 minutes and shut down again. Again pressed reset and restarted compressor. It ran for 35 minutes and again OL light came on and compressor shut down. Removed controller cover and, before resetting, 2, 3, 6, and 7 were lit. When pushing reset button light 2 went off and compressor started again. 24 minutes later, while charging, compressor shutdown for fourth time. Cause unknown. Air temperature and oil pressure normal. Only possible cause: unstable power supply to machine or controller failure.

4 VX BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
RIX COMPRESSOR  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

AIR TEST

DATE: 24 November 1995

- NOTES:** 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.  
2. Compressor had run 1 hour, 11 minutes when OL light came on and compressor shut down. Pressed reset, restarted. Compressor shut down again at 0908; pressed reset, restarted.

4VX RIX COMPRESSOR  
BREATHING AIR PACKAGE / 230V  
ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

AIR TEST

DATE: 27 November 1995

NOTES: 1. Oil full at startup and shutdown.

Memorandum

25 October 1995

To: Dave Sullivan, NEDU

From: Glen Deason, Code 2530

Subject: Analysis of air sample from RIX Model 4VX Compressor,  
Test plan 95-14. 1-Hour sample.

1. In accordance with your request, the air sample delivered to the gas analysis lab was analyzed and found to contain:

Standard Components

Component	Level	Limit
Oxygen	OMIT	20-22% <sup>2</sup>
Nitrogen	100.0%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Argon	OMIT	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Dioxide	OMIT	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Total Hydrocarbons <sup>1</sup>	<0.5 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Monoxide	<0.5 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methane	<0.1 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Acetone	<0.1 PPM	200 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Benzene	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Ethanol	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 113	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 11	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 12	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 114	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Isopropyl Alcohol	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methanol	<0.1 PPM	10 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	30 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methylene Chloride	<0.1 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Toluene	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Trimethyl Benzenes	<0.1 PPM	3 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Xylenes	<0.1 PPM	50 PPM <sup>2</sup>

Other Components

Component	Level	LIMTS
NONE		
C4+	<0.1 PPM	NONE

<sup>1</sup>Expressed as methane equivalents.

<sup>2</sup>Limits taken from Navy Dive Manual; Vol. 2, Rev. 3.

<sup>3</sup>OSHA Final Rule limits published as of July 1992 (not specified in Navy Dive Manual).

2. The above sample showed no appreciable contamination; all components were within the acceptable range.



Glen Deason  
Chemist

Memorandum

30 October 1995

To: Dave Sullivan, NEDU

From: Glen Deason, Code 2530

Subject: Analysis of air sample from RIX Model 4VX Compressor,  
Test plan 95-14. 25-Hour sample.

1. In accordance with your request, the air sample delivered to  
the gas analysis lab was analyzed and found to contain:

Standard Components

Component	Level	Limit
Oxygen	OMIT	20-22% <sup>2</sup>
Nitrogen	100.0%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Argon	OMIT	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Dioxide	OMIT	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Total Hydrocarbons <sup>1</sup>	<0.5 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Monoxide	<0.5 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methane	<0.1 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Acetone	<0.1 PPM	200 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Benzene	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Ethanol	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 113	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 11	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 12	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 114	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Isopropyl Alcohol	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methanol	<0.1 PPM	10 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	30 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methylene Chloride	<0.1 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Toluene	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Trimethyl Benzenes	<0.1 PPM	3 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Xylenes	<0.1 PPM	50 PPM <sup>2</sup>

Other Components

Component	Level	LIMITS
NONE		
C4+	<0.1 PPM	NONE

<sup>1</sup>Expressed as methane equivalents.

<sup>2</sup>Limits taken from Navy Dive Manual; Vol. 2, Rev. 3.

<sup>3</sup>OSHA Final Rule limits published as of July 1992 (not specified in Navy Dive Manual).

2. The above sample showed no appreciable contamination; all components were within the acceptable range.



Glen Deason  
Chemist

Memorandum

02 November 1995

To: Dave Sullivan, NEDU

From: Glen Deason, Code 2530

Subject: Analysis of air sample from Rix Model 4VX Compressor Test. Plan 95-14, 50 Hour Sample.

1. In accordance with your request, the air sample delivered to the gas analysis lab was analyzed and found to contain:

Standard Components

Component	Level	Limit
Oxygen	OMIT	20-22% <sup>2</sup>
Nitrogen	100.0%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Argon	OMIT	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Dioxide	OMIT	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Total Hydrocarbons <sup>1</sup>	<0.5 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Monoxide	<0.5 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methane	<0.1 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Acetone	<0.1 PPM	200 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Benzene	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Ethanol	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 113	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 11	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 12	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 114	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Isopropyl Alcohol	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methanol	<0.1 PPM	10 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	30 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methylene Chloride	<0.1 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Toluene	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Trimethyl Benzenes	<0.1 PPM	3 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Xylenes	<0.1 PPM	50 PPM <sup>2</sup>

Other Components

Component	Level	LIMTS
NONE		
C4+	<0.1 PPM	NONE

<sup>1</sup>Expressed as methane equivalents.

<sup>2</sup>Limits taken from Navy Dive Manual; Vol. 2, Rev. 3.

<sup>3</sup>OSHA Final Rule limits published as of July 1992 (not specified in Navy Dive Manual).

2. The above sample showed no appreciable contamination; all components were within the acceptable range.

  
Glen Deason  
Chemist

Memorandum

13 November 1995

To: Dave Sullivan, NEDU

From: Glen Deason, Code 2530

Subject: Analysis of air sample from Rix Model 4VX Compressor Test. Plan 95-14, 1 Hour Sample. AFM TEST

1. In accordance with your request, the air sample delivered to the gas analysis lab was analyzed and found to contain:

Standard Components

Component	Level	Limit
Oxygen	21.0%	20-22% <sup>2</sup>
Nitrogen	78.1%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Argon	0.9%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Dioxide	210 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Total Hydrocarbons <sup>1</sup>	3.7 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Monoxide	<0.5 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methane	3.7 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Acetone	<0.1 PPM	200 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Benzene	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Ethanol	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 113	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 11	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 12	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 114	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Isopropyl Alcohol	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methanol	<0.1 PPM	10 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	30 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methylene Chloride	<0.1 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Toluene	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Trimethyl Benzenes	<0.1 PPM	3 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Xylenes	<0.1 PPM	50 PPM <sup>2</sup>

Other Components

Component	Level	LIMTS
NONE		
C4+	<0.1 PPM	NONE

<sup>1</sup>Expressed as methane equivalents.

<sup>2</sup>Limits taken from Navy Dive Manual; Vol. 2, Rev. 3.

<sup>3</sup>OSHA Final Rule limits published as of July 1992 (not specified in Navy Dive Manual).

2. The above sample showed no appreciable contamination; all components were within the acceptable range.



Glen Deason  
Chemist

Memorandum

21 November 1995

To: Dave Sullivan, NEDU

From: Glen Deason, Code 2530

Subject: Analysis of air sample taken from RIX Model 4VX  
Compressor Test. 95-14 Air Test, 25 Hour Sample.

1. In accordance with your request, the air sample delivered to the gas analysis lab was analyzed and found to contain:

Standard Components

Component	Level	Limit
Oxygen	21.0%	20-22% <sup>2</sup>
Nitrogen	78.1%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Argon	0.9%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Dioxide	296 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Total Hydrocarbons <sup>1</sup>	3.4 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Monoxide	<0.5 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methane	3.4 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Acetone	<0.1 PPM	200 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Benzene	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Ethanol	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 113	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 11	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 12	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 114	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Isopropyl Alcohol	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methanol	<0.1 PPM	10 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	30 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methylene Chloride	<0.1 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Toluene	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Trimethyl Benzenes	<0.1 PPM	3 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Xylenes	<0.1 PPM	50 PPM <sup>2</sup>

Other Components

Component	Level	LIMTS
NONE		

C4+

<0.1 PPM

NONE

<sup>1</sup>Expressed as methane equivalents.

<sup>2</sup>Limits taken from Navy Dive Manual; Vol. 2, Rev. 3.

<sup>3</sup>OSHA Final Rule limits published as of July 1992 (not specified in Navy Dive Manual).

2. The above sample showed no appreciable contamination; all components were within the acceptable range.

  
Glen Deason  
Chemist

Memorandum

28 November 1995

To: Dave Sullivan, NEDU

From: Glen Deason, Code 2530

Subject: Analysis of air sample taken from RIX Model 4VX  
Compressor Test. 95-14 Air Test, 50 Hour Sample.

1. In accordance with your request, the air sample delivered to the gas analysis lab was analyzed and found to contain:

Standard Components

Component	Level	Limit
Oxygen	21.0%	20-22% <sup>2</sup>
Nitrogen	78.1%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Argon	0.9%	NONE <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Dioxide	345 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Total Hydrocarbons <sup>1</sup>	2.7 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Carbon Monoxide	<0.5 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methane	2.7 PPM	1000 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Acetone	<0.1 PPM	200 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Benzene	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Ethanol	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 113	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 11	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 12	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Freon 114	<0.1 PPM	100 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Isopropyl Alcohol	<0.1 PPM	1 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methanol	<0.1 PPM	10 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Chloroform	<0.1 PPM	30 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Methylene Chloride	<0.1 PPM	25 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Toluene	<0.1 PPM	20 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Trimethyl Benzenes	<0.1 PPM	3 PPM <sup>2</sup>
Xylenes	<0.1 PPM	50 PPM <sup>2</sup>

Other Components

Component	Level	LIMTS
NONE		

C4+

<0.1 PPM

NONE

<sup>1</sup>Expressed as methane equivalents.

<sup>2</sup>Limits taken from Navy Dive Manual; Vol. 2, Rev. 3.

<sup>3</sup>OSHA Final Rule limits published as of July 1992 (not specified in Navy Dive Manual).

2. The above sample showed no appreciable contamination; all components were within the acceptable range.

  
Glen Deason  
Chemist